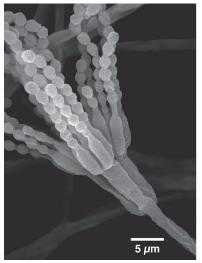
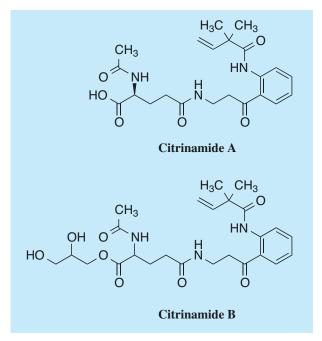
Citrinamide

1. Discovery, producing organism and structure $^{1,2)}$

Citrinamides A and B were found in a cultured broth of a fungal strain, *Penicillium* sp. FKI-1938 and shown to be potentiators of the antifungal miconazole activity against *Candida albicans*.



Penicillium sp. FKI-1938



2. Physical data (Citrinamide A)

Brown solid. C₂₂H₂₉N₃O₆; mol wt 431.48. Sol. in MeOH, CHCl₃, EtOAc, Insol. in H₂O.

3. Biological activity¹⁾

1) Miconazole-potentiating activity

Citrinamides A and B showed no antifungal activity against *Candida albicans* even at 250 μ g/mL. However, both citrinamide A and B decreased the IC₅₀ values of miconazole antifungal activity from 9.1 to 5.0 and 4.4 nM, respectively.

4. References

1. [1022] T. Fukuda et al., J. Antibiot. **61**, 550-555 (2008)